IN THE CLAIMS

Claims 1 and 2 have been cancelled.

- 1. (Cancelled)
- 2. (Cancelled)
- (Original) A gas composition analyzer comprising:
- a measurement cell having an interior adapted to receive a gas composition therein:
- a resistance thermometer thermally coupled to the interior of sald measurement cell;
- an acoustic meter acoustically coupled to the interior of said cell for measuring a velocity of acoustic energy transmitted between components of said acoustic meter within said cell;
- a reference thermometer thermally coupled to the interior of said cell for generating, during a calibration procedure, a first reference temperature value of said gas composition at a first temperature;
- said acoustic meter being operable during said calibration procedure to obtain an acoustic velocity-related measurement in said gas composition in said cell at a second temperature for use in generating a second reference temperature value; and
- a calibration unit supplied with said first and second temperature values and said acoustic velocity-related measurement for determining a calibration relationship for the temperature thermometer from the first and second reference temperature values and from measurement

values of the first and second temperatures supplied by the resistance thermometer.

- 4. (Original) An analyzer as claimed in claim 3 wherein said acoustic meter is operable during said calibration procedure to obtain a further acoustic velocity-related measurement of said gas composition in said cell at the first temperature, and wherein the calibration unit generates the second reference temperature value also using the further acoustic velocity-related measurement.
- 5. (Original) A method for calibrating a resistance thermometer comprising the steps of:
 - contemporaneously obtaining a first reference temperature value for a gas composition at a first temperature using a reference thermometer, and a first measurement temperature value of said gas composition using a resistance thermometer, and supplying said first reference temperature value and said first measurement temperature value to a calibration unit;
 - contemporaneously obtaining an acoustic velocity-related measurement value of said gas composition with an acoustic meter for use in determining a second reference temperature value, and obtaining a second measurement temperature value using the resistance thermometer, and supplying said second reference temperature value and said second measurement temperature value to a calibration unit; and
 - in sald calibration unit, determining a relationship from the first and second temperature values and the first and second measurement values, and calibrating said resistance thermometer using said relationship.

6. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 5 comprising the additional step of using the acoustic meter to obtain an acoustic velocity-related measurement at said first temperature for use in determining said second reference temperature value.